DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS

Course Outcomes

Pap	Paper	Outcomes
er	Name	After completion of the course the student should be
	(Paper	able to
	code)	
SEME	ESTER I	
PAP ER – I	Mechanics, Waves and Oscillations	 CO 1 : Understand variable mass system, application to motion of Rocket and the principle and working of Gyroscope and its applications. CO 2 : Comprehend the general characterisits of Central forces and Keplar laws to describe the motion of planets and satellite in circular orbit, GPS. CO 3 :Understand postulates of special theory of Relativity and its consequences of length contraction, Timedilation and Einstein Mass Energy Relation. CO 4 : Understand the motion of Simple Harmonic Oscillator, Damped Oscillator and Forced Oscillator and phenomenon of Quality CO 5 :Understand the knowledge of Ultrasonics waves their production ,detection and applications of Ultrasonics. PRACTICAL Perform experiments on Properties of matter such asthe determination of moduli ofelasticityviz., Young'smodulus, Rigiditymodulusofcertain materials Know how to determine the acceleration due to gravity at a place using Compoundpendulumand Simple pendulum. Verify the laws of transverse vibrations in a stretched string using sonometer and comment on the relation between frequency, length and tension of a stretched
SEME	STER II	
PAP	Waveoptic	CO 1 :Understand the phenomenon of Interference of light and
ER –	S	its formation in Lioyd'smirrorNewtons Rings and Michelson Interferometer.
	3	Interterometer.

		 CO 2 :Distinguish between Fresnal and Fraunhoffer Diffraction and observe the diffraction patterns in case of single slit and Diffraction Grating.Describe the construction and working of Zoneplate and comparision with convexlens CO 4 :Explain the various methods of production of circular and elliptical polarized light and concept of optical activity. CO 5 :Compreheend the basic principal of Laser, the working of He –Ne Laser and Ruby Lasers and their applications in different fields. Understanding the basic properties ofFibre optic communication, principle of Holography and their Applications.
		PRACTICAL•Know the techniques involved in measuring the resolving
		power of telescope anddispersivepower of the material of theprism, dispersivepower of the material of theprism.•Verify the laws of transverse vibrations in a stretched string
		using sonometer and comment on the relation between frequency, length and tension of a stretched
SEME	STER III	1
		CO1:
		Understandthebasicaspectsofkinetictheoryofgases,Maxwell- Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases
		 Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases CO 2 : Understandtheworking of Carnot'sideal heatengine, Carnotcycle and itsefficiency CO 3 : understanding of concept of Thermodynamic potentials, the formulation of Maxwell's equations and its applications
ΡΑΡ	Heat and	 Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases CO 2 : Understandtheworking of Carnot'sideal heatengine, Carnotcycle and itsefficiency CO 3 : understanding of concept of Thermodynamic potentials, the formulation of Maxwell's equations and its applications CO 4 : Understand methodstoproducelowtemperatureandalsounderstand
PAP ER – III	Heat and Thermodyn amics	Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases CO 2 : Understandtheworking of Carnot'sideal heatengine, Carnotcycle and itsefficiency CO 3 : understanding of concept of Thermodynamic potentials, the formulation of Maxwell's equations and its applications CO 4 : Understand
ER –	Thermodyn	Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases CO 2 : Understandtheworking of Carnot'sideal heatengine, Carnotcycle and itsefficiency CO 3 : understanding of concept of Thermodynamic potentials, the formulation of Maxwell's equations and its applications CO 4 : Understand methodstoproducelowtemperatureandalsounderstand thepracticalapplicationsof substances CO 5: Examinethe natureof blackbodyradiations and
ER –	Thermodyn	Boltzman distribution law, mean free path thetransportphenomenon in ideal gases

PAP ER – IV:	Electricity. Magnetism and Electronics	CO 1:Understand the Gauss law and its application to obtain electric field in different cases andformulatetherelationshipbetweenelectricdisplacementvector ,electricpolarization,Susceptibility, Permittivity and Dielectricconstant. CO 2:Understand Biot and Savart's law and Ampere's circuital law to describe and explainthegeneration of magnetic fields byelectrical currents. CO 3:Developanunderstandingontheunificationofelectricandmagne ticfieldsandMaxwell'sequations governing electromagneticwaves. CO 4 :Describe the operation of p-n junction diodes, zener diodes, light emitting diodes andtransistors CO 5 :Understand the operation of basic logic gates and universal gates and their truthtables PRACTICAL
		 adder and full adder and verify their truth tables.Further,the studentObservetheresonance condition inLCRseries andparallelcircuit Learnhow a sonometer can be used to determine the frequency of AC-supply. Understand the operation of PN junction diode, Zener diode and a transistor and theirV-Icharacteristics. Construct the basic logic gates, half willunderstandhowNAND andNOR gatescanbe usedasuniversalbuilding blocks
PAP ER – V:	MODERN PHYSICS	 CO 1 : Understanding Stern Gerlach experiment and Raman Effect. CO 2 :Develop criticalunderstandingofconceptofMatterwavesandUncertaintyprincipl e. CO 3 :Getfamiliarizedwiththeprinciplesofquantummechanicsandthef ormulationofSchrodingerwaveequation and its applications. CO 4 :Examinethebasicpropertiesofnucleisalientfeaturesof Nuclear models anddifferent nuclear radiation detectors. CO 5 :Get familiarized with the nano materials,their unique properties and applications. Increasetheawarenessandappreciationofsuperconductorsandtheirpract icalapplications

		PRACTICAL
		• Measurechargeofan electron ande/mvalue of anelectron by Thomson method.
		 UnderstandhowthePlanck'sconstantcanbedeterminedusingPhoto cellandLEDs.
		• Study the absorption of α -rays and β -rays, Range of β -
		particles and the characteristicsof GMcounter
		 DeterminetheEnergygapof asemiconductor usingthermistor andjunction diode.
SEME	STER V	
PAP ER – VI(B)	LOW TEMPERAT URE PHYSICS & REFRIGERA TION	 CO 1 : Identify various methods and techniques used to produce low temperatures in the Laboratory. CO 2 : Acquire a critical knowledge on refrigeration and air conditioning. CO 3 : Demonstrate skills of Refrigerators through hands on experience and learns about refrigeration components and their accessories. CO 4 : Understand the classification, properties of refrigerants and their effects on environment. CO 5 : Comprehend the applications of Low Temperature Physics and refrigeration. PRACTICAL List out, identify and handle equipment used in refrigeration and low temperature lab. Learn the procedures of preparation of Freezing Mixtures. Demonstrate skills on developing various Freezing mixtures and materials and their applications in agriculture, medicine and day to day life. Acquire skills in observing and measuring various methodologies of very low temperatures Perform some techniques related to Refrigeration and Freezing in
PAP ER – VII(B)	Solar Energy and Application s	 daily life. CO 1 : Understand Sun structure, forms of energy coming from the Sun and its measurement. CO 2 :Acquire a critical knowledge on the working of thermal and photovoltaic collectors. CO 3 :Demonstrate skills related to callus culture through hands on experience CO 4 : Understand testing procedures and fault analysis of thermal collectors and PV modules. CO 5 : Comprehend applications of thermal collectors and PV modules.

PRACTICAL
 List out and identify various components of solar thermal collectors and systems, solar photovoltaic modules and systems. Learn the procedures for measurement of direct, global and diffuse solar radiation, I - V characteristics and efficiency analysis of solar cells and modules. Demonstrate skills acquired in evaluating the performance of solar cell / module in connecting them appropriately to get required power output. 4. Acquire skills in identification and elimination of the damaged panels without affecting the output power in a module / array. Perform procedures and techniques related to general maintenance of solar thermal and photovoltaic modules.